



LILIUOKALANI SCHOOL, KAIMUKI, FRONT ELEVATION.—J. H. CRAIG, ARCHITECT; A. P. McDONALD, CONTRACTOR.

THREE GREAT ENTERPRISES ARE INAUGURATED ON MAUI

Plans for Kahului Cannery Matured— Telephone System to Be Renovated— Electric Light Contract Signed

(Special Correspondence of The Star)

WAILUKU, February 16.—Plans are well matured by the Haiku Fruit and Packing Company to build a large cannery in Kahului. The fact is that the new homesteaders make an enlargement of the cannery an absolute necessity, and the cost of hauling materials to Haiku and then the filled cans back to Kahului is more than it would cost to haul the fresh fruit to Kahului and can it there. The loss in shipping the fruit the distance by rail will be little, and the new extension of the Kahului railroad to Haiku will make the bringing of the fruit to the proposed cannery an easy matter. It is understood that Lot No. 4 at Kahului, lying along the railroad road just the Wailuku side of the railroad crossing, is the location in mind. There could be easily built a spur track here. If built at this point, it will be the first of the new buildings soon to be erected on the beach road between the railroad crossing and the Robinson slaughter houses. The area upon which the new cannery is to be erected is four and six hundredths acres. It is well located for all purposes. The erection of houses for the superintendent and workmen in the cannery will be undertaken also by the company. The new location will make it much easier to obtain necessary labor for the cannery, which has been a difficult matter in the past, due to the fact that the present plant is so far from the centers of population.

Telephone Improvement.
Important changes in the way of decided improvements are being now made by the Maui Telephone Company. Superintendent Carley and his assistant, Alfred Martensen, have more than they can do to get the system in working order by April 1st. It is a big undertaking, or the present location of wires must all be changed to the new metallic system. The cable is already strung between Kahului and Wailuku. The present inefficient service due to cross wires and constant hubbub of conversation carried on in as many languages as there are different races on the island, the constant interruptions along the line by people trying to use the same wire at the same time, will under the change all be done away with.

The company intends also to issue a directory, and in the future a subscriber's number will be called instead of his name. This will save time and confusion, and add enormously to the service. The progressiveness of the company is shown by its invitation to all subscribers to send suggestions to the secretary, J. N. S. Williams. If these suggestions are practical the company will consider them. It is the apparent desire of the directors to make the Maui telephone system as good as can be had in a country district.

In connection with the change about to be inaugurated the older people in the Territory will recall that Maui had the first telephone line in use on the islands and one of the first in general use anywhere. C. H. Dickey, then living at Haiku, made the experiment of having a line between Haiku and Lahaina, and found it so successful that it was in operation for some time.

Some Mauians have expressed a wish for the installation of the automatic system so successful in Honolulu. That system would not be practicable in so large a country district as the Maui Telephone Company covers. Some of the officers of the company have made a careful investigation and the opinion of trail experts is that the physical condition here unfortunately prohibits the installation of the automatic service. The metallic circuits about to be installed will be the very best obtainable.

Electric Contract.
A contract has at last been drawn up and signed by W. F. Pogue for the County of Maui and R. E. Bond for the Island Electric Company for the supplying Wailuku and Kahului with electric light for the streets and public buildings. For weeks no agreement had been arrived at. Just the reason for the delay has not been made public. The two towns had been expecting to know that the contract had been signed, and the delay in the document made some credulous people believe that there might yet be some slip and no current be available. Such fears are now entirely a thing of the past. The complete equipment for the lighting plant has been ordered. The contract for placing the poles has been let to T. Burlew. The stakes are all placed locating the various lights in the Wailuku and Kahului streets. Furthermore the land has been cleared for the building of the power station, which is to be situated between the two towns at the bend of the road near the two-mile post, and bids are now called for on the construction.

The agreement between the County and the Island Electric Company calls for sixty single series Tungsten and fifteen four-light series Tungsten cluster arcs for the highways. These will give a much better light than one-carbon arc lamps of 1200 c. p. The cost of these lights to the county will be \$330 a month. The lights are to be turned on every night from dusk to dawn, "except during the hours of moonlight according to the specifications of the American Society of Electrical Engineers for a moonlight schedule for the latitude of Wailuku." If additional lights on the single series Tungsten are to be installed the county agrees to pay \$1.75 a light a month, and for additional cluster-arcs the sum of \$15 a light a month.

Provision is also made for installing lights in the court house, county offices, town hall, jail, jailer's cottage, hospital and armory. The cost of these lights will be at the regular rate charged the consumer of fifteen cents per K. W. H.

The contract is to remain in force for a term of five years beginning with the first day of May this year.

Railroad Extension Contract.
Wilson and Bauman have been awarded the contract for the Haiku extension of the Kahului Railroad. It is expected that the work on the road will be completed in six months from March first, at which time the contractors will begin operations.

Living up to one's reputation is awfully monotonous. Perhaps that is why some men like to get away from home occasionally.

Liliuokalani School House

On this page, through the courtesy of J. H. Craig, architect, is presented a view of the front elevation of Liliuokalani schoolhouse about to be erected at Kaimuki. Its site is that of the former Zoo, at Waiwale road and Koko Head avenue.

The building will be one of reinforced concrete and its plan is after the latest mainland designs for school buildings. A full description of its accommodations is reserved for a later occasion. The dimensions are about 162 feet front and 120 feet width.

There will be a basement, divided into toilet facilities, storerooms, etc. Upon the ground floor there will be a large assembly hall with platform, reached through a vestibule from the front entrance, also six class rooms, principal's office, library and hat and cloak closets. A corridor with a porch at either end extends the length of the building in the middle through which the trade wind will have free course, giving ventilation to all the rooms.

Originally the educational department was going to erect a large schoolhouse for this section, which should also serve for Manoa, at the foot of the hill near the Kapahulu road. Both Kaimuki and Manoa, however, built up so rapidly that it was seen, two or three years ago, that this plan would be inadequate. Wailuku, Kaimuki and Pololu Improvement Club about this time had begun to take an active interest in securing a first-class, modern, public school for the district. Gratifying co-operation was met with on the part of the Board of Education. The club negotiated the site matter which was put through by the government under a special provision of law. All the efforts, on both sides, culminated at last session of the Legislature, when Representative Ed Towse of the Fourth district, an ex-president of the club, secured an appropriation under the loan fund act of \$60,000 for erecting and furnishing the building. This week the contract for construction was consummated with A. P. McDonald, a builder who has had much experience in the erection of both public and private buildings in these islands.

FULLY EXPECTED.

Up in Maine, a quiet from a village church choir was asked to go to the country to sing at the funeral services over a rich farmer. After the burial the members of the quartet climbed into the carriage that had brought them and prepared to start back to town. A distant relative of the deceased hurried up to them.

"You gentlemen mustn't be a-leavin'," she said.

"Why not?" asked the barytone.

"Because you're all expected for dinner over at bereft's."

CROUP.

If your children are subject to attacks of croup, watch for the first symptom, hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack will be warded off. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

Wall Nichols Co., Ltd., have received a big lot of flags by last steamer. Everybody should decorate their homes February 22.

MIDDLE ISLE IN LINE FOR TAFT COPIOUS NEWS BUDGET FROM MAUI

WAILUKU, February 16.—At the Republican county committee meeting this week plans were drawn for the campaign work. A Taft delegation to the national convention was strongly favored. The chief matter of discussion was the selection of a suitable chairman for the Board of Supervisors who should receive the Republican nomination at the coming election. Several men were discussed, among whom were W. F. Pogue, D. C. Lindsay, Captain W. E. Bal, Hon. S. M. Keilinoi and Charles Wilcox, the county auditor.

The Maui Library.

The library committee of the Maui Library Association met last Monday at the library rooms. There were present Rev. B. Dodge, chairman; Messdames F. E. Baldwin, H. B. Penhallow, Wm. Seabury. Considerable routine business was attended to, and then the discussion of the new books to be added to the library was brought up. A considerable list of the most popular books of 1911-1912 was made up, and it was voted to purchase the majority of them. Circular letters, signed by the library committee, will be sent quite generally over Maui, outlining the plans along which the work of the library will be carried on.

The following trustees and committees who were elected at the first annual meeting of the Maui Library Association have accepted their positions and have signified their willingness to serve for the coming library year:

Trustees for one year—Judge Selden B. Kingsbury, Captain W. E. Bal, E. J. Walker, C. E. Copeland and Rev. R. B. Dodge.

Trustees for two years—Messrs. Chas. Wilcox, Wm. Seabury, C. D. Lufkin, Rev. William S. Short, Dr. John Weddick.

Trustees for three years—D. H. Case, H. B. Penhallow, F. E. Baldwin, D. C. Lindsay, J. N. S. Williams.

President of the Board of Trustees—Hon. Selden B. Kingsbury; vice president, D. H. Case; secretary, Rev. R. B. Dodge; treasurer, D. C. Lindsay. The committees are as follows: Administration—D. C. Lindsay, chairman; D. H. Case, William Seabury, auditing—Charles E. Copeland, chairman; E. J. Walker, Charles Wilcox; library—Rev. R. B. Dodge, chairman; Messdames William Seabury, H. B. Penhallow, F. E. Baldwin, W. S. Nichol.

Strikers Given New Jobs.

The longshoremen who struck at Kahului harbor after the Columbian had loaded on her last trip to Maui have now returned to work at Kahului for the railroad, but not on the waterfront. Their places in loading the vessels had been filled, but Superintendent J. N. S. Williams found other work for the men. He has treated them exactly as if nothing had happened, inasmuch as they promised to abide by the rules of the company.

Good Work for Kula.

Dr. J. H. Raymond and his attorney, James L. Coke, apparently did some good work for Kula at the meeting of the loan commission held last Saturday morning. These gentlemen appeared before that body and pointed out very conclusively that the intention of the legislature in building the Kula pipe line was to provide Kula with water; that during the recent drought, in which the whole of that portion of Maui suffered, it was clearly evident that the Kula pipe line had not done what was expected of it, and that it would be still more inefficient if water was diverted to Paia. It was also stated that the

\$35,000 available for the extension should be so expended that, whatever else was the result, Kula should get the needed water supply. A reservoir at Keokea was the suggestion that Dr. Raymond had to offer as a solution of the defective water supply, and until the water supply for Kula was assured that a diversion of the water to Paia would be contrary to the action of the legislature. Marston Campbell replied to Dr. Raymond that the contract for letting the pipes for the Paia extension had been reconsidered, and that no action would be taken for forty days.

The Dangerous Trail.

W. Harold Rice and F. P. Rosecrans made a hurried trip to Nahuiku on Saturday last. They went overland via the Koolau ditch. All who have heard Rose's vivid description of his first trip over that trail at night are surprised that he has made it again. He declared the only reason he made it at night (this was some years ago) was so that he would not have to look around him. He had a most trusting mule, that had never been known to fail his rider. All went smoothly until Rosie and his mule reached that point in the trail above Keane valley, where the water is now caught and turned back into the ditch by underground conduits. Here the water rushed and roared in those days. Just after passing this waterfall and at the very narrowest portion of the trail a screech owl just over the head of the rider let out a terrible screech. The mule shook all over and Rosie shook, too. But there were only two sad results—a few gray hairs for Rosie and the loss of his hat, which couldn't stand the shake.

Kate and Duplicate.

Twins were born awhile ago on one of the big Maui ranches. The manager was asked by the father to fill out the government certificate. He asked for the names, but the father had none ready, so the manager, without a moment's hesitation, wrote for one "Kate," and for the other "Duplicate." The government accepted the certificate.

Social and Personal.

The dance given last Saturday night at Paumotu by the ladies was a highly successful affair, and is spoken of generally as one of the best ever given on Maui. The club rooms, whose fine floor the dancers enjoyed until after midnight, was decorated in a most artistic manner. People kept remarking upon the attractiveness of the hall. Festoons, palms, masses of ferns and whole banana plants made delightful cozy corners. Leap year tag dances made lots of fun. Twenty-three dances were the order for the evening. Everyone has been trying to recall a like number of dances ever given before for a single evening's entertainment on Maui.

A very enjoyable social was given by the ladies of the Wailuku Union church to all members of the Women's Aid Society, their families and the members of the church and congregation. The committee in charge were Mrs. A. C. Warner and Mrs. V. A. Vettesen. The home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Warner was turned into a perfect Cupid's garden, for in every imaginable corner hearts and horseshoes, big and little of all colors, were hung. The decorations were lovely. When the guests arrived each had a score card with a heart

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INTERMEYER SAYS AN OLIGARCHY HAS NATION IN ITS CLUTCHES

WASHINGTON, January 16.—A vivid portrayal of the trade and commerce of the country, held in the clutch of a powerful money "oligarchy," was given by Samuel Untermyer of New York in his testimony today before the House rules committee, in advocacy of the projected investigation of the so-called "Money Trust."

But the testimony of the New Yorker, however interesting, was a distinct disappointment to those members of the committee, who, after the advertising that had come to Mr. Untermyer's relation to the suggested inquiry, had indulged the hope that his testimony would deal with individual cases—specific instances—upon which an investigation might be based.

Mr. Untermyer, specifically and particularly, refrained from mentioning names. He swung clear of definite detail, and he wanted it clearly understood that he was not present for the purpose of offering "testimony" or being cross-examined, but only to make "suggestions."

Insisting that an investigation would uncover not a money trust, but a financial "oligarchy," Mr. Untermyer cooled the enthusiasm of some more ardent members of the committee when he declared they would be sorely disappointed if the investigation were to be a "general fishing expedition" in quest of a "Money Trust."

The very use of these two words was unfortunate and gave no accurate definition of the "money power" before which Mr. Untermyer claimed the railroad and financial worlds bent their knee.

No "Money Trust."

Just what Mr. Untermyer thinks of the so-called "Money Trust," as expressed succinctly by him today, is: "There is, of course, no such thing as a money trust, in the sense in which we understand the word 'trust.'"

as applied to unlawful combinations. There is no definite agreement or understanding between the few men who wield and control the vast money power of the country. There is, certainly, nothing illegal in the dangerous 'community of interest' under which they are exercising that power with constantly increasing effectiveness. They are acting, with rare exceptions, strictly within their legal rights, but the results are none the less oppressive and perilous to the country. In fact, they seem to me far more so for that reason."

While he refrained from citing instances, Mr. Untermyer insisted that a congressional investigation would discover not only the instances, but a "general system of dealing that would be more valuable to know than mere individual instances."

Then he added: "I take it that this is not to be a promiscuous fishing expedition into the private affairs of individuals." He had specific instances in mind, but did not care to "point to any particular banking house."

When asked whether the American Sugar Refining Company was one of the biggest financial factors in the situation, he responded, half derisively: "Not any more. It used to be a giant; now it's a pigmy." There were not more than four powerful financial groups, he said.

Mr. Untermyer wanted it understood "from the outset" that he had only appeared before the committee in response to the "insistent and persistent demand of the committee." He said he had delivered an address some time ago on the question whether there is a "money trust," and as a result has been importuned to express his views and make such arguments as might occur to him respecting the Lindbergh resolutions.

Favors Inquiry.

"I am very heartily in favor of this (Continued on page thirteen.)"

HILO BOARD OF TRADE APPROVES RAPID TRANSIT FREIGHT CLAUSE

HILO, February 16.—The freight clause in the Conness-Johnson Hilo rapid transit franchise passed the Board of Trade at the meeting of that body on Tuesday, after a few antagonistic remarks which were not based on good argument.

It seems that the Hilo Electric Company's attorney, the able and learned barrister, Mr. Irwin, believed that there were no restrictions provided in the franchise against the proposed trolley company cutting up everybody's back yard with spurs and switches and sidetracks and depots for the delivery of parcels, packages, bundles, baggage, luggage and other freight impediments, but the clear-sighted and slowly enunciated order of D. E. Metzger set the gentleman right in the statement that the proper authorities were authorized by law to see that tracks, rails, poles and other paraphernalia were not allowed to be placed where the community would be made to suffer.

Leland S. Conness, representing

the backers of the Conness-Johnson rapid transit interests in Washington, cabled to the Board of Trade to ascertain whether or not that body approved of the proposed trolley system of carrying freight as well as passengers.

It was to be supposed that Hilo's opinion would be asked in the event of the Congressional committee inquiring as to whether the public here backed the scheme, and therefore it followed that Conness sought the ideas of the Board of Trade as being the ideas of the most representative body of Hilonians.

The Board of Trade has cabled Conness that it favors the freight clause, though the Board of Trade of course doesn't want to pay for the cablegram; nor was such expense expected to be borne by the board, which had the courtesy to take the matter up.

D. E. Metzger, to bring the matter to a vote, successfully brought up the question at the board meeting. Judge Wise seconded.

TWO HUNDRED WILL FEAST AT HANDS AROUND BANQUET

Pacific Day, February 23, looms up large as an occasion for the gathering together of all the peoples of the Pacific to join hands for a united movement on the mainland to boost the countries about the great ocean.

Already over two hundred applications for membership in the Hands-Around-Pacific Club, and for seats at the international banquet on the evening of the 23d, have been filed at the Public Service rooms.

The Hands-Around-Pacific movement is now firmly planted in nearly every one of the countries bordering on the Pacific, and the plan of establishing with governmental support a main exhibition building and Pacific tourist bureau in New York City is more than likely to be carried out, as several of the governments have already pledged support to this plan, and from the Pacific Day banquet will go out the call to all of the Pacific

governments to get together and agree on the pro rata of each in the joint scheme.

Governor Frear will preside at the banquet, and there will be speakers from every country around the big ocean. The residents of the many states and countries bounding on the Pacific are taking a pride in organizing their tables for the big banquet. Already many of the white nations are well filled, and the Japanese, Chinese and Hawaiians are getting busy. The banquet will be held at the big Japanese tea house on Nuuanu street above School street, and there will be a varied program. Those wishing to join in the movement, or secure seats at any of the tables, are requested to phone to the Public Service Association. Among those who have already engaged places at several of the tables are:

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